NbC-based coatings

SENTIERO INTERNATIONAL CAMPUS

Niobium carbide (NbC) has long been employed to produce bulk hardmetals, e.g. for cutting tools, but practically it has not been investigated as coatings. This contribution provides an overview of our research with NbC-based coatings with Niand Fe-based matrices. The feedstock materials were prepared by High-Energy Ball Milling (HEBM) due to this process's flexibility and scalability, which yields rounded particles containing a uniform distribution of fine NbC grains. The coatings were obtained by H2-fuelled High-Velocity Oxygen-Fuel (HVOF) spraying. NbC-NiCr formulations exhibit a good combination of room-temperature and intermediatetemperature (200°C) sliding wear resistance, tested by the ball-on-disc method, and excellent corrosion resistance in aqueous 3.5% NaCl. NbC-40vol.%FeCrMo is more brittle and less sliding wear-resistant at room temperature, but it exhibits excellent wear resistance at 400°C due to the formation of a protective tribo-oxidized "glaze".

Laboratory	Il Sentiero International Campus
Specialization Area	Mechatronics and Materials
Contacts	Riccardo Franci
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Development of HVOF sprayed

"Promising coatings for applications that require a balance of wear resistance

and corrosion



Fig. 1: HVOF gun - Diamond Jet 2600 system





Description

Three compositions of NbC-based coatings, specifically: NbC-25vol.%(Ni-20wt.%Cr), NbC-40vol.%(Ni-20wt.%Cr) and NbC-40vol.% (Fe-wt.%25Cr-wt.%15Mo) were produced by High-Velocity Oxygen-Fuel (HVOF) spraying onto AISI 304 stainless steel plates using a Diamond Jet 2600 HVOF hybrid torch.

After the thermal spraying, the coated samples were characterized by microstructural analysis (SEM), determination of the Vickers microhardness, dry sliding behaviour and electrochemical corrosion resistance. Their performances were compared to WC-CoCr and Cr3C2-NiCr (conventional carbide coatings) under different wear and corrosion conditions. *Fig. 2: SEM micrographs of feedstock powders and of the cross-section HVOF-sprayed NbC-based coatings*

Innovative aspects

Considering the absence in the literature of research carried out with NbC-based hardmetal coatings sprayed by High-Velocity Oxygen-Fuel (HVOF), especially using NiCr and FeCrMo as binders, this research is innovative by characterizing the properties of new compositions of hardmetal coatings.

Potential applications

Among conventional carbide coatings, WC-CoCr stands out for its high wear resistance and Cr3C2-NiCr for its good performance under hightemperature oxidative environments. However, WC-CoCr is unsuitable for high-temperature applications (thermal expansion incompatibility, oxidation), while Cr3C2-NiCr offers less wear protection at low and moderate temperatures. Thus, niobium carbidebased coatings are promising alternatives for applications that require a balance of wear resistance and corrosion, and/or for applications at intermediate and high temperatures (200 to 600 °C).







-0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1 1.2 1.4 Potential vs. Ag/AgCl/KCl_(sat)(V)

Involved UNIMORE, MBN Nanomaterialia partners and CBMM – Companhia Brasileira de Metalurgia e Mineração. Implementatio Research in progress n Time

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Technology	TRL4 - Technology validated in lab
Readiness	
Level	

Exploitation Development and research of alternative compositions to conventional carbide coatings (WC-CoCr and Cr3C2-NiCr).

Fig. 3: Ball-on-disk dry sliding wear rates and electrochemical polarization curves of coated samples and reference coatings.

Application example

Despite the research is still ongoing and testing to validate commercial-level applicability has not been performed, thermally sprayed coatings generally provide wear and corrosion protection in a variety of applications like ball valves, papermaking and steelmaking rolls, hydraulic turbine parts, pump parts, hydraulic rods, etc.

Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) and Vickers microindentation analyses revealed that all NbC-based coating compositions have low porosity (<1%) and microhardness in a range of 900 – 1000 HV0.3 respectively.

The ball-on-disc setup (10 N test load, 0.4 m/s sliding speed and 3 mm Ø - WC-6Co and Al2O3 ball counterpart) was used to determine the dry sliding wear resistance of the samples at room temperature, 200°C, 400°C and 600°C. The wear rates of the NbC-25NiCr and NbC-40NiCr compositions progressively increased with increasing temperature, while the NbC-40FeCrMo showed significantly lower wear rates at 400 °C and 600 °C. The values obtained showed that the NbC-NiCr coatings are a promising technology to obtain intermediate and balanced performances between the conventional WC-CoCr and Cr3C2-NiCr coatings and the NbC-FeCrMo coating for sliding wear applications at 400 - 600 °C. In terms of corrosion resistance, the NbC-NiCr compositions exhibit a very promising performance concerning the reference coatings and are more corrosion resistant and more noble compared to the WC-CoCr coating. The NbC-40NiCr composition particularly stands out for having better corrosion resistance than the conventional Cr3C2-NiCr coating, approaching the performance of polished AISI 304 stainless steel.





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Website	http://www.ilsentierocampus.com /
Director	Riccardo Franci
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- Studio e sviluppo di soluzioni tailor-made
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- Rivestimenti nano-strutturati: PVD, CVD, PECVD
- Analisi superficie/interfaccia

Ingegneria dell'affidabilità e testing funzionale: sviluppo e realizzazione di nuovi banchi prova atti a testare componenti o gruppi di macchina in condizioni operative controllate:

- Progettazione e prototipazione meccanica, elettrica e automazione industriale
- Progettazione, costruzione ed esercizio di banchi prova personalizzati
- Test accelerati del ciclo di vita di componenti, sottosistemi e sistemi
- Simulazione fisica e virtuale di funzioni e interfacce di sistemi e sottosistemi

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TECNOLOGIE: Sintering Laser Melting, Materiali compositi, Fabbricazione a filamento fuso con deposizione a fibra continua

